

Evidence Based Program Planning and Implementation

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5 Cornerstones for Solid Program Planning

- Tie to organizations mission
- Tie to strategic plan (Board)
- Conduct as a team
- Involve potential clients
- Don't worry about perfection

Questions to Ask

- What is the primary purpose of the program?
- ▶ Is there a **need** for the program? Describe the need using statistics/community reports.
- Who is the target population?
- ► How will the **program design** help meet the community need?
- What are the true costs associated with program development, implementation, and reporting?
- What resources are critical for both the short-term and long-term success of the program?
 - Financial (program fees, grants, donors, etc.)
 - Program materials and/or services
 - Community Partnerships/Collaborations
- How will the organization sustain this program?
 - What is your organization's current/long-term capacity?
 - Diversified funding streams
 - Financial systems/procedures
- Does the Board of Directors agree there is a need for the program and commit to supporting it?

Let's Create a program now: 10 Minute Activity

8 Guidelines to keep program planning on track

- ► Focus on outcomes
- Examine your intended outcomes
- Coordinate the new program with other programs
- Explore if client services can be delivered more effectively via collaboration
- ► Plan key indicators of program success
- Include short range focus in a long-term plan
- Learn by "testing the waters"
- Plan program reviews

Components of Program Design

- Need Statement: Doesn't need to sit in program design but should exist somewhere
- Program Overview
 - ► Big picture outcome
 - Target number of populations served
 - Brief description of need
 - Components of the program
- Target Population
 - Demographic Description
 - "Risk" Factors
 - Recruitment & Referral sources
 - Client Retention
 - Client Termination

- Program Enrollment
 - Intake
 - Referral Process
 - Assessments
- Program Timeline
 - Flow of program start to finish, include Ramp up Periods
 - Out-of- school time calendar
 - Curriculum Timeline
- Program Theories and Methodologies
- Program Services
 - Activities description
 - Dosage & Frequency
 - Curriculum Outline
 - Referral Sources

Components of Program Design

- Evaluation
 - Logic Model: Output and Outcome measurements
 - Data Collection Methods
 - ▶ Client File Requirements
 - Intake Forms
 - Assessments completed
 - ▶ Other Data: Surveys, Pre/post tests
 - ► 3rd Party data
 - Reporting Requirements
 - Frequency
 - Indicators and numbers captured
 - Program Monitoring
 - ▶ Technology Used
 - External Evaluations

- Program Staffing
 - Roles and Responsibilities
 - Staff credentials
 - Support staff included
 - Staff Recruitment, Hiring, and onboarding
 - Staff Training and development
 - Staff Retention
 - Key Personnel Bios
- Budget
 - All Expenses including personnel
 - ▶ Income: How will this be funded

Planning Phase (Month 1-2)

- Needs Assessment & Initial Research:
 - Conduct a thorough needs assessment to identify the target population and specific community needs.
 - Compile community reports, statistics, and other relevant data to support the program's foundation.
 - Engage with potential clients and stakeholders to gather input and ensure the program aligns with their needs.

Program Design & Strategic Alignment:

- Develop a comprehensive program overview that aligns with the organization's mission and strategic goals.
- Outline the key components, including target population, program objectives, and desired outcomes.
- Secure approval from the Board of Directors and ensure their commitment to supporting the program.

- Staff Training & Development (Month 3-4)
 - Staff Recruitment & Onboarding:
 - Identify and recruit qualified staff with the necessary credentials and experience.
 - Develop and implement an onboarding process that includes orientation, initial training, and familiarization with the program's goals and methodologies.
 - Training & Professional Development:
 - Provide in-depth training sessions for all staff members, focusing on program theories, methodologies, and service delivery models.
 - Include specialized training on any curriculum or tools that will be used, ensuring all staff are fully equipped to implement the program.
 - Schedule follow-up training and professional development opportunities to address any gaps and enhance staff capabilities.

- ► Program Launch (Month 5)
 - **▶** Pilot Program & Initial Rollout:
 - ► Conduct a pilot phase to test the program design and make necessary adjustments.
 - ▶ Begin the full-scale rollout of the program, ensuring all elements are in place, including materials, resources, and staff readiness.
 - ► Monitor the initial implementation closely and gather feedback from participants and staff to identify any areas for improvement.
 - **▶** Community Outreach & Engagement:
 - ► Execute a community outreach plan to raise awareness and drive participation.
 - ► Establish referral sources and partnerships to support program enrollment and client retention.
 - ► Adjust communication strategies based on feedback and community needs.

- Mid-Term Review & Adjustments (Month 6-7)
 - Program Monitoring & Evaluation:
 - Conduct a mid-term review to evaluate the program's progress against the set milestones and outcomes.
 - Collect and analyze data on participation, outcomes, and any issues encountered during implementation.
 - Make necessary adjustments to the program design, staffing, or resources to address any challenges.
 - Ongoing Staff Support:
 - Provide continuous support to staff, including additional training if needed, to maintain program quality.
 - Address any staff retention issues and make adjustments to workload or roles to optimize efficiency

• Final Evaluation & Reporting (Month 8-9)

- Comprehensive Evaluation:
 - Conduct a final evaluation of the program, focusing on outcome measurements, client satisfaction, and overall effectiveness.
 - Use a logic model to assess whether the program met its intended outcomes and identify areas for future improvement.

Reporting & Future Planning:

- Prepare a detailed report for stakeholders, including data on outputs, outcomes, and financials.
- Use the findings from the evaluation to plan for the next cycle of the program, including any changes to the design or implementation strategy.

What challenges do you foresee in adhering to this implementation timeline, and how might we proactively address them to ensure the program's success?

Roles and Responsibilities in Implementation

Program Director:
Overall Oversight &
Leadership

Program Manager:
Day to Day Operations

Training
Coordinator: Staff
Development &
Support

Outreach Coordinator:

Community
Engagement & Client
Recruitment

Evaluation Specialist:

Program Monitoring & Evaluation

Frontline Staff:

Implementation and Execution

How can we ensure effective communication and collaboration among these roles to prevent any gaps or overlaps in responsibilities during program implementation?

Resources

- ► Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). "Developing an Effective Evaluation Plan." Available at: https://www.cdc.gov/eval/guide/index.htm
- Overview of Non-Profit Program Planning (nonprofitoregon.org)
- Designing a New Program? Questions to Ask Funding for Good
- ▶ Illinois Association of Behavioral Health. Evidence Based Program Planning and Implementation. September 4, 2024.
- ► Kettner, Peter M., Moroney, Robert M., & Martin, Lawrence L. "Designing and Managing Programs: An Effectiveness-Based Approach." Sage Publications, 2017.
- United Way Worldwide. "Standards of Excellence: A Guide for Nonprofit Program Design and Management." Available at: https://www.unitedway.org
- ▶ W.K. Kellogg Foundation. "Logic Model Development Guide." Available at: https://www.wkkf.org/resource-directory/resources/2004/01/logic-model-development-guide